Lowest Barometer Pressure in 51 Years Is Registered in Kansas Which Is Center of High Western Winds.

SLEET AND SNOW ARE SPREADING IN WEST

Severe Drops in Temperature Are Predicted by Weather Bureaus and Washington Sends Out Storm Warnings.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13 .- Heavy nows, accompanied by extremely high winds today demoralized tele-graph and telephone traffic from Chic go to the Pacific coast, Railraffic also suffered much de-from points west of Omaha

delay from points west of Omaha and Kaysas City.

The satm apparently originated in the far Northwest and has spread as far south as Oklahoma. Weather bureau official in Chicago said today, however, that they expected the force of the storm vill have been spent by the time the low barometer area reached the Oha valley. The heaviest snow storm repeated was from Nebraska. So far a reported temperatures have not falled much below freezing and live stock has not suffered to any great extent.

STORM WARNINGS ARE ISSUED IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The most severe storm of the winter was central this morning over Northwest Missouri, with a harometer reading of 28.90 inches at Kansas City, the weather bureau announced today. The storm influence covers the entire country east of the Rocky Mountains and there were goperal rules in the Southern states, the great contral valleys and the south upper lake region, and rains and spows in the plains states. Storm warnings were ordered displayed at 11 a.m. from Fort Monroe, a. to Jupiter, Fia. and at Tampa. Warnings also are displayed on the guif coast from Bay St. Louis to Key

OLKAHOMA EARLY TODAY

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Feb. 13.—Oklahoma was in the grip of a 60-mile wind early today and at noon reports from thre or four cities in that state indicated a wind velocity of 54 miles an hour. Little precipitation was recorded. Reports from Muskogee, Enid and Woodward recorded light rains, but no rain fell in the southwestern part of the state. The local weather bureau reported the storm centering over Nebraska and Kansas at noon today.

WORST BLIZZARD IN 20 YEARS HITS NEBRASKA

GRAND ISLAND, Neb. Feb. 13.—The worst blizzard for over 20 years, so far as it has progressed, set in about midnight when a light rain changed to sleet and snow, driven by a heavy wind. By daybreak there already were such drifts that the few motor drivers venturing out were soon stalled.

Haliroad branch lines out of Grand Island and Kearney abandoned all train service while on the main lines only passenger trains attempted runs. A blinding snow continues. The temperature remains little below the freezing point.

SLEET AND SNOW ARE REPORTED IN MISSOURI

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 13.—Snow and sleet, driven by a high northwest wind, is reported from several sections of Western Kansas today, according to the local weather bureau.

Although spring-like weather prevalted here this morning, the weather bureau predicted there would be high winds and lower temperatures, with some snow before nightfall.

Reports to the weather office show that a 50-mile gale is sweeping over Nebraska, Kansas and Colorado.

Although the barometric reading—25.9 inches—is the lowest ever recorded by the local weather office, the forecaster says that the hurricane probably will be diminished before reaching Kansas, July.

The senter of the great cyclonic area

Ransas Atty.

The center of the great cyclonic area seems to be in Kansas and Nebraska. Telephone and telegraph companies are naving great difficulty in maintaining communication, and reports of trains stalled by snowdrifts are being received from Wastern Kansas. rom Western Kansas.

RAIN AND DUST STORM VISIT ARKANSAS CAPITAL

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 13.—A minfall of one and one-quarter inches, followed by a duststorm within 12 hours has been the erecord-breaking experience of Little Rock since last night. The rain last night which fell for several hours, was followed by a 35-mile wind, which dried the ground before daylight today, and the high wind continues. tinues.

The local weather bureau also called attention to a spot on the sun which was visible to the naked eye, an unusual occurrence, it is said.

EASTERN KANSAS."EYE" OF SEVERE HIGH WINDS

TOPEKA, Kan. Feb. 13.—Eastern Kansas is the "eye of a storm" extending from Pittsburgh, Pa., to Denver, with barometer readings the lowest here in 15 years, the local weather bureau announced today. The indications are for a northwest wind across Kansas this afternoon and tonight of 60 miles an hour.

The temperature outleek is not serious, the weather office reports. It probably will reach 20 above zero tonight in western Kansas and 25 in castern Kansas.

UNIVERSITY BAROMETER

LOWEST IN 51 YEARS

HEAVY WIND AND COLDER IS FORECAST FOR MEMPHIS.

Memphis may look for heavy wind, with colder weather, if the storm center, which was centered around Kansas Thursday, moves directly eastward, according to local weather observers in any case, the city will feel to some extent the unusually low barometric pressures in neighboring communities. If the storm moves directly eastward, the force of the approaching storm will be felt; if in a northeasterly direction, the force striking this city will be lessened.

Strange atmospheric conditions in Memphis Thursday, which included an unusually strong wind, peculiar light from the sun and a falling barometer, were due to the olw barometer in Kansas, the center of the storm disturbance.

The wind started blowing in Memphis Wednesday night. At 8 o'clock it was 24 and at 11:30 p.m. It was 24 and at 11:30 p.m. it was 24 and at 11:30 p.m. it reached its maximum of 30 miles. At oddpliaces in the business ascionally, especially in Whisky chut, the wind blew more than 45 miles an hour.

The barometer at Memphis Thurs-

S. Elgin as Attorney Says He Wants to Appeal Bootleg Case.

Bootleg Case.

E. A. Laughter, so-called king of Memphis beotleggers, intends to "Hilgate 'em" to the very limit before he goes to prison.

He has filed a plea of stay of mandate with the United States circuit court of appeals at Cincinnati, asking for 30 days reprieve in order to prepare an appeal to the most august judicial body in the states—the supreme court of the United States. The plea was filed by Frank S. Eigin.

W. D. Kyser, federal district attorney, filed an answer to Laughter's plea, protesting against the granting of the stay, declaring it had been persistently rumored that Laughter was attempting to get to Honduras, and was purposely delaying the process of the courts. Kyser believes Laughter is in New Orleans. He also called attention of the high court to the fact that Laughter was scheduled to leave for Atlanta prison about Feb. 17, which is about 10 days—the customary leagth of time—siter his sentiaces were affirmed by the circuit court of appeals, He is under three years sentence in the federal penitentiary.

Both Sharlf Perry and U. S. Marshal Tresevant are after Laughter, There is no liky regulating the priority of either government or state, and the first oue of them to about the market priority of sther government or state, and the first oue of them to about endeate, and the first oue of them to about endeate, and the first oue of them to about endeate, and the first oue of them to about endeate, and the first oue of them to about endeate, and the first oue of them to about endeate, and the first oue of them to about endeate, and the first oue of them to about endeate, and the first oue of them to about endeate, and the first oue of them to about endeate, and the first oue of them to about endeate of confining him to fail. Perry wants him for a 11-29 sentence at the work-house for carrying a platol.

cour cities in that state epitation was recorded.

Will Not Try To

Stop This Order

No. 1 West and the work of the continuace of the improvement of the control of the con

MADE IN MEAT INQUIRY

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Favorable reports on a bill to regulate the meat industry at this session of congress is planned by the senate agriculture committee, Chairman Gore announced today at the conclusion of several weeks of open hearings, at which representatives of all interests have testified.

GERMANS DEMAND ALLIES RECOGNIZE REPUBLIC

BERNE, Feb. 12.—As a result of a long conference between Mathias Ergberger, member of the German armistice commission, and various ministers at Berlin on Monday it was decided, according to the Frankfort Zeitung, that Erzberger will demand that the allies recognize the new Berlin government when he meets the entente chiefs to negotiate a renewal of the armistice.

ESTHONIAN REPUBLIC IS CLEARED OF BOLSHEVIKI

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 13.—A Libau dispatch reaching here by way of Berlin says the entire territory of the Esthonian republic has been cleared of the Bolsheviki through the Esthonian and Finnish advance movement.

SLOAN CASE NEAR END.

The damage suit of James Sioan against the Buckeys, Cotton Oil company in the federal court for \$50,000 probably will be in the hands of the jury late Thursday afternoon. Both sides closed their evidence Thursday at noon and attorneys began their arguments. Sloan is suing for defamation of

CROWDER NOMINATED.

LAWRENCE, Kan. Feb. 13.—The barometer at the university weather station today records a reading of 27.88 station today records a reading of 27.88 the president Wilson to succeed himself inches. This is the elowest reading in finches. The barometer was still falling at 18 o'clock this morning.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Maj.-Gen. Enoch H. Crowder, judge advocate-egental of the army, was nominated today bresident Wilson to succeed himself for another term of four years beginning Feb. 15, 1919, with rank of majoring at 18 o'clock this morning.

Commission on International Legislation of Peace Conference Reaches Agreement on British Article.

BITTER CONTEST WAS FORECAST BY LEADERS

Certain Features of French Plan Will Be Incorporated in English Draft Before Going to Peace Table.

ing to Peace Table.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—The agreement by the commission on international labor legislation of the peace conference to accept article IV of the British draft of measures to settle the future status of international labor, marks the passing over safely of an obstance which the labor leaders expected would provoke a bitter contest, for the reason that it is the most radical of the projects organized labor is seeking to grait upon the constitution of the society of nations.

This article provides that at the proposed international labor conference, the representatives of the governments, the employers and working people shall be entitled to speak and vote independently without regard to the views expressed by the other representatives of their nation and to have power to draw up conventions binding on the nations represented.

The rapid progress made upon the remainder of the British draft, into which will be incorporated certain features of the French labor plan, appears to warrant the belief that the essential aims of the delegates of both nations will be accepted in their entirety by the commission, although final action by the peace conference is predicted.

Covers Wide Field.

Covers Wide Field.

Covers Wide Field.

The British draft covers a wide field, including the following provisions:
Uniformity of the rights of workmen employed abroad, their protection against loss when in a foreign country through the lapse of state insurance against nickness, old age, accidents, unemployment and similar causes.

Prevention of unemployment through the adaption by the different governments of a policy of distribution of orders for public works so as to keep the demand for labor so as to keep the demand for labor at an approximately uniform level.

The relief of the unemployed through a switch of registration and co-operation between employers in different lines of authority to meet fluctuating labor demands.

Opportunities to unemployed young workers for the continuance of their

Will Fix Minimum Wage.

The measures of hyglene, insurance and the regulation of the work of children, it is also contended, ought to apply to native Asiatic labor. The British plan also contemplates the creation of a permanent international commission to fix minimum wages according to the conditions in the various regions and to make a special study of native labor problems.

It is proposed to include in the league of nations plan the constitution of an international parliament composed of delegates from the existing national parliaments to suggest labor legislation to the society of nations. The abolition of military training in schools and the international interchange of university students also is proposed.

The French labor proposals include the recruiting of labor through national employment bureaus, prohibition upon the labor of children under 14 years of age, prohibition of night work by women, and a maximum eight-hour working day in factories, where the furnaces are always lighted, together with laws regulating hygiene and the safety of the workers.

SAVANNAH CARS RUN ON FAIR SCHEDULE TIME

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 13 .- Savannah as not denied a street car service today because of the strike of the union conductors and motormen of the Savannah Electric company. The cars have been maintaining a fair schedule today. It is reported that about 100 men are out. There is no disorder, but some of the suburban or industrial plant lines have either had to have the number of cars greatly reduced or eliminated. It was reported that the Savannah Trades and Labor assembly, a body representing all classes of labor, held a meeting last night and decided upon a general sympathetic strike tomorrow, but this has not yet been confirmed.

The strike was called to enforce union recognition which was not granted by the war labor board when the wage increases were awarded. Some union men asserted 200, or practically the whole force, went out. The company gave no rigures, but the number of cars ronning and the best information available indicated that not more than half the force had struck. day because of the strike of the union

WILL RETURN TO U. S.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The Associated Press is authoritatively informed that the Earl of Reading, British ambassador to the United States will return to America in about a week's time.

is Would Care for Immediate Needs and Not Relieve Overcrowded Condition Or Provide Extensions.

Hardwig Peres, president of the city board of education, has called a meeting of the board for Saturday night to consider the recommendation of the Rotary club for a bond issue of \$2,000.000 for permanent improvements to the schools; the estimate of Dan C. Newton, building inspector, that \$43,730 is necessary to make the present school buildings safe and up to the standard, and to act upon a resolution authorising the superintendent to make bond to protect the United States government for ordnance and quartermaster's supplies to be issued to the Memphis schools for the use of the R. O. T. C. When M. S. Binswanger, chairman of the Rotary club committee that made the investigation of the schools, notified Mr. Peres that the committee would like to present its recommendation adopted by the club at Tuesday's meeting, Mr. Peres extended a very cordial invitation to the committee to come along and bring its report and if convenient the \$2,000,000 aiso.

Inspected All Schools.

Inspected All Schools.

So much has recently been said about the schools that Mr. Peres a few days ago asked Dan Newton to visit the schools and make an estimate of the cost that would be required to make the buildings sanitary and safe. Mr. Newton, of course, does not enter into the consideration of the overcrowded condition of the schools, the annexes or anything else except the physical condition of the present buildings.

The following is Mr. Newton's report to Mr. Peres:

"As per your request I went over the schools of the city to find out just what was necessary to be done to make the buildings safe and up to the standard. Hoping you will see your way clear to bring it before your mencable body and have the recommendations accepted and work done as soon as possible. My recommendations are as follows;

"Bruce and Maury Schools—Brick up openings and put on stadard fire doors. Make openings larger going out to fire escape. Approximate cost each \$400; total \$800.

"Central High School—Two fire escapes, standard fire doors and electric fire alarm. Approximate cost \$1,500.

"Cummings School—Frencet rous with standard fire doors and with standard fire doors and wire glass windows. Approximate cost \$1,500.

"Gorden, Idiewild. Lauderdae, contract recent grammar. Kortrachi, light, senson.

Mayor Monteverde said Thursday that if a bond issue for \$2,000,000 is floated to build new city schools and repair and put in proper conditions the old buildings, as suggested by the Rotary ciub, the club and the school beard will have to bring the matter before the city commissioners.

"We have not been approached in regard to this matter since the suggestion was made by the Rotary club," the mayor said.

"We are charging the school board." the mayor said.

"We are charging the school board one-half of one per cent for collecting their proportion of the taxes. This has been a custom for years and we are merely following the custom," the mayor said when asked why the city made that charge.

HUGE SUN SPOT IS NOW VISIBLE TO NAKED EYE

Thursday morning a large sun spot was visible at the upper left margin of the luminary. The spot was plainly discernible to the naked eye at 7.45, owing to the fact that the brightness of the sun was then tempered by the owing to the fact that the brightness of the sun was then tempered by the early morning mist.

Estimating the equator of the sun roughly by the eye, the spot was about 60 degrees north latitude upon the sun's surface. The spot will probably be visible for several days and ought to be more plainly visible through a smoked glass.

To be visible to the eye a spot must be not less than 75,000 miles broad. The theory of the sun spot is that the bright gaseous envelope of the sun has been rent by fierce combustion, revealing the cooler, darker part of the sun's surface beneath. The irregular, ragged shape of the common sun spot justifies the theory of intense commotion. The connection of sun spots with disturbances upon the earth, electrical and climatic, is well established. In some seasons spots are more numerous than others. Frequently the sun will be lined with spots, which will gradually disappear as the commotion which produced them subsides.

Disarmament of Forces Under Direction of Special Commission Will Be One of Big Powers' Terms.

DEMOBILIZATION ALSO IS ORDERED HASTENED

the new terms equally with military measures.

The report must be approved by the supreme war council before it becomes effective.

The German authorities have been asked to furnish information confirming the amount of their war material cannon, airplanes and other equipment. This question came up in the recent sessions of the war council when the extent of this war material was advanced as a reason for taking effective measures against the rehewal of war-like activities.

Before determining on any such step, it was considered desirable to request information, both as a memo dealing with the subject and as testing the good faith of the enemy in disclosing the status of his military equipment.

WILSON TO PARIS WHEN **CONGRESS ADJOURNS**

PARIS. Feb. 13.—In a written reply to a delegation of the French association of the society of nations, which recently called upon him. President Wilson makes known formally for the first time his intention to return to France after going to Washington for the closing session of the American congress.

the closing session of the American congress.

In this reply the president says that he accepts the suggestion that after his return to Paris a great public mesting be arranged in celebration of the conclusion of the peace conference.

The arrangements have been completed for President Wilson's prospective departure from Paris on Friday night and his embarkation from Brest on Saturday. It is known he plans to return to France on March 15.

There now is belief in official circles the peace conference will be able to complete its work by June 1.

LETTISH REPUBLIC ASKS SOVIETS TO END FIGHTING

PARIS, Feb. 12.—The Lettish repub-lic, in accepting the invitation of the peace conference to attend a confer-ence at Princes islands, states that as ence at Princes islands, states that as a proviso to its acceptance the Russian soviet government must withdraw its forces from Letvia and cease all offensive military measures.

The Esthonian government, in its acceptance, states that it does not consider it is a part of the Russian moviet republic, but will participate because it feels the conference will be of importance to the future of Esthonia and its relations with Russia.

MAJOR-GEN. THWAITES ON ARMISTICE BOARD

HEAVY WET SNOW AND
WIND STRIKE DAKOTA

NORPOLK, Neb., Feb. 13.—A heavy
wet snow, driven by a terriffceporthwest wind, is falling over Scuthern
South Dakota and Northern Nedruska.

Sixty Members of Committee of One Hundred Approve Change Without Referendum--Only Seven for Clause

Shelby's legislative delegation will be asked to present the proposed Memphis bill providing for the council-manager form of municipal government to the houses of the general assembly at once and without prevision for a rafersadum upon liseif, and without substantial alteration.

The charter created by the rithers.

IS ORDERED HASTENED

Cessation of Hostilities With
Poles and Maintenance of
Forces in Fixed Limits Also
To Be Imposed.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—The supreme war council has decided, says a Havas report, that the armistice with Germany will be renewed on Feb. 17 for a very will be renewed on Feb. 17 for a very will be renewed on Feb. 17 for a very will be renewed on Feb. 17 for a very will defeated the conditions of the event of Germany's failure to carry out new clauses or those which litheric have not been executed. It is said the terms will provide that the German must cease hostilities against the Poles and maintain their forces within fixed limits.

During the brief period of the renewed armistice, a special commission will definitely draft the conditions of the armistice which will last till the demobilisation of the peace preliminaries of the auprevision of the peace preliminaries of the supremit war council is reported to have any proved in a rough form yesterday affection, have in view, it is said the disarmament of the enemy under the armistice which will last till the demobilisation of the german army and the disarmament of the enemy under the supremit war council is reported to have any proved in a rough form yesterday affection, have in view, it is said. C. P. J. Mooney, managing editor of the armistice which will last till the demobilisation of the allies. These terms, it is understhood, will be committed to the bill make be provisional armistice expires.

Marshal Foch, who leaves for Treves today, was to interview Premier Clemence and a solution of the first morning and the disarmament of the members who recorded their votes as opposed to the transper bill without referendum.

It was served that a clause should be startly as a municipal government on Jan. 12, 1920. This was with the design that it provisional armistice provisions which the supreme war council with morning and the disarmament of the enemy under the suprement of the enemy of the committed of the provisional armistice provisions which the sup

And No. 1 Worse or and electric states of the shading and the responsibility of the building and the states of the shading and the shading and the states of the shading and the states of the shading and the s

"I have never said that I was against the city manager plan of government; in fact, I have not as yet fully digested the main points of the draft for the proposed bill, but I will say this—I am not for the bill without a referendum. This statement was made by Mayor Monteverde Thursday.

The mayor said that he was satisfied that a referendum vote on the bill would not render the act illegal and unconstitutional.

City Attorney Livingston said that he had not been called on as yet to pass on the constitutionality of the city manager bill with a referendum tacked on it and for that reason would not like to be quoted as to what he thinks of the matter.

The mayor said be was satisfied that the other commissioners, or three of them at any rate, have the same opinion in regard to the referendum feature of the proposed bill as he has. the city manager plan of government;

5 FIRE INSPECTORS ARE PROVIDED IN NEW BILL

NASHVILLE, Tenn. Feb. 13 (Sol.)—A bil lintreduced in the house Wednesday afternoon would provide for the appointment of five deputy fire inspectors for the state department of fire prevention at the salary of \$1,800 per year.

tion; Friday fair west, rain in east por-tion, coider; strong southwest to north-west winds. Arkansas Friday fair, colder in east portion Friday. Mississippi—Fair except rain or snow extreme north portion, colder: Friday fair, much colder, strong southwest to northwest winds. Louislana-Pair, somewhat colder, Oklahoma-Fair, colder. East Texas-Fair and colder. West Texas-Fair and colder. Florida Rain, colder extreme north-west portion: Friday rain except fair, colder northwest portion.

Alabama—Clearing and colder: Friday alr, much colder, strong suothwest to northwest winds. South Carolina—Rain; Friday probaably fair except rain or snow extreme northwest portion, colder west portion; strong south to west winds. Georgia—Rain; Friday colder and probably fair; strong south to west winds.

In accord with the proclamation of the governor of Tennessee proclaiming Saturday, Feb. 15, a holiday and designating it as Nafe and Sane Farming may, with request that all farmers meet in the county courthouse with other patriotic citizens, at 10 o'clock a.m., therefore all members of the Sheiby County Farmers institute are urgonly requested to attend this meeting and co-operate with all other patriotic citizens of Memphis and Sheiby county, to take such action as may be effective to reduce the cotton acreage during 1915, and to increase the acreage devoted to the production of all foodstuffs, and its stock auftable to our soil and cilmate, any other course by the farmers of the Southern cotton states will be detrimental to the best interests of the farmers of the South.

JOHN H. M. DOWELL, President Sheiby County Farmers Institute.

THIRTIETH MOVING" IS **NEWS FROM TENNESSEAN**

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 43. -"Thirtieth moving, home soon," reads a cablegram received here from Capt. Herbert Acuff, with the Old Hickory division. It is believed here this indicates the division is moving to Brest to embark for America-

Jury Says Girl Was Mentally

W. L. Clancy and Joe Manley were enjoined in the chancery court Thursday from selling liquor at the Plaza hotel or any other place in Tennessee, but the clause in the injunction against the hotel itself went over until Friday. Henry Michel, who for years has been a familiar figure around police and criminal courts, was reported too ill at a hospital to answer his citation for contempt on a charge of having sold liquor after having been enjoined.

E. Blondi was fortunate enough to secure a dismissal of the citation against him for contempt.

RED CROSS DOOR MAY BE CLOSED TO HUNS

GENEVA, Feb. 12.—The movement to exclude the central powers from the interpational Red Cross was debated at a meeting of that organization held here yeaterday. Fresident Ador, of Switzerland, was chairman of the meeting, which was attended by delegations from all countries which preferred charges of violations of Red Cross privileges by Germany.

CHAS. DICKINSON GETS WEST POINT OFFER

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13. (Spl.)—Congressman Fisher has offered the appointment to West Point to Charles Dickinson, son of J. B. Dickinson, Memphis, while Robert Wadlington, 1881 Cowden avenue, has been selected as second alternate. The entrance examinations will be held March 18.

POPULISTS TO RULE IN NEW POLISH ASSEMBLY

BASLE, Feb. 12.—Two national democrats, 32 populists, 12 socialists, eight Jews and two Germans were elected to the Polish assembly, according to final results of the elections held in Poland, according to a Warsaw disnatch received here. Two women were included in the successful candidates

HUNS DID NOT KNOW OF KAISER'S FLIGHT

GENEVA, Feb., 13.—A trainfoad of German officers being brought back from Palestine arrived here yesterday, All of them were ignorant of recur-events in Germany and did not know of the revolution or the former peror's flight into Holland.

RED AGITATOR NABBED.

BASLE. Feb. 13.—Karl Radek, the Russian Boishevik emissary, who has been accused by the German authorities of being an instigator of numerous radical outbreaks in German territory, has been acrested by the Berlin police, according to a Berlin dispatch today. His whereabouts had been a mystery for some time.

DUTCH STEAMER SINKS.

Rioters Surge Through Streets of Bucharest Crying "Down With the Puppets" and "Long Live the Republic."

BOLSHEVIK PROPAGANDA IS BLAMED FOR UPRISING

Sixty Persons Are Slain and 150 Wounded in Clash Between Military and Demonstratiors at Bakorst.

BERLIN, Feb. 13. (By the Asociated Press.)—A general insur-ection is in progress throughout Rumania, according to a special dispatch from Vienna. King Fer-dinand has been wounded slightly in attempting to flee from Buchar-

in attempting to fice from Bucharest with the royal family.

Workingmen blocked the roadway from the royal palace when the royal family attempted to fice to Jassy and the king and his family were forced to return. The king was wounded when the workers, according to the report, fired upon the palace.

Rioters in the atreets of Bucharest are opening demanding the overthrow of the dynasty, crying "Down with the pulpeter Long live the republic!"

The village of Budapest learns that the revoit is part of Roisbevik propagarda. In a clash between the military and demonstrators at Bakerst 60 persons were killed and 150 wounded.

The discipline of the Rumanian army, the rewspaper adds, is collapsing. The food and economic situation is rapidly growing worse and the country's finances are completely demoralized. The position of the Bratiane cabinet is declared to be untenable.

HAMBURG DECLARED

BOLSHEVIST ARMY HAS TAKEN TOWN OF ZELIVA

WARSAW, Wednesday, Feb. 12. (By the Associated Press.)—Bolshevier, forces have occupied Zeliva, between Bialystok and Brest-Latowsk. They have attempted to advance through the Folish lines, using uniforms of Polish officers, but those who tried this ruse failed, and 100 have been brought to Warsaw in motor trucks.

The Bolshevist forces are said to number between two and 20 divisions, but it is believed the actual figures will show that the latter estimate is the more correct.

Gen. Bartelmy is attempting to are range an arminitive between the Ukrainians and Poles, which the former are given the Drobobycz oil fields, pending decision by the peace conference.

BOLSHEVIKI FORCE IS ESTIMATED AT 23.000

LONDON. Feb. 13.—The Bolshevik force fighting the allies in Northern Russia comprises 23,000 men, with Iti machine gus, 66 field guns and nine six-inch guns, according to an authoritative statement here.

An attempt is being made to standardize the organization and equipment of the soviet armies and schools for officers and aviators have been opened. Gen. Vetritis, a Lett, has been appointed commander-in-chief of all the soviet armies.

The troops bread ration has been reduced from two pounds to one pound daily, the information shows, and there are other indications that the Bolshaviki suffer food shortage.

ESTHONIAN TERRITORY IS CLEARED OF BOLSHEVIKE

COPENHAGEN, Feb 13.—A Libau dispatch reaching here by way of Berlin says the entire territory of the Esthonian republic has been cleared of the Holsbeviki through the Esthonian and Finnish advance movement.

SAYS BOLSHEVIKI WANT NO WAR WITH POLES

LONDON, Feb. 13.—A Russian wire-less dispatch received here says that M. Tchitcherin, the Bolshevik foreign minister, replying to the proposal of Igmaco Jan Paderewski, the Polish remier, to send Polish delegates to Moscow to discuss trigent Polish-Rus-sian questions, says the soviet govern-ment ardently desires searchful relations with the Polish republic and guarantees an unhindered journey to Moscow for the delegates.

U. S. REINFORCEMENTS REACH BRITISH LINES

ARCHANGEL, Peb, 13 (By the Associated Press.)—Americans reinforcements, marching over 30 miles of a forest trail, reached the hard-pressed British and Russians in the region of Sredmakrenga yesterday. The result was that the Boisheviki who had been launching strong attacks in this region, retired to the southward apparently abundoning their offensive.

The Boisheviki evidently feared they will be cut off in the rear and they withdrew before the Americans reached Sredmakrenga.

Conditions out other sectors of the Northern Russian front were unchanged today.

STATE OF MARTIAL LAW IN POSEN IS EXTENDED

Winds.

Kentucky—Rain, colder west portion;
Friday rain or snow except fair extreme west portion; colder, atrong south winds stammer Rick struck a mine and sank the German authorities in the regions shifting to northwest by Friday morning.

DUTCH STEAMER SINKS.

CHRISTIANIA, leb. 13.—The Dutch of martial law proclaimed recently by stammer Rick struck a mine and sank the German authorities in the regions shifting to northwest by Friday morning.

BASEL, Feb. 13. (Havas.)—The state of martial law proclaimed recently by stammer Rick struck a mine and sank the German authorities in the regions of Kulinuse and Posun has been except fair extrements of Kulinuse and Posun has been except fair extrements. The crew was landed to other localities in the vicinity, according to a dispatch from Dannia.